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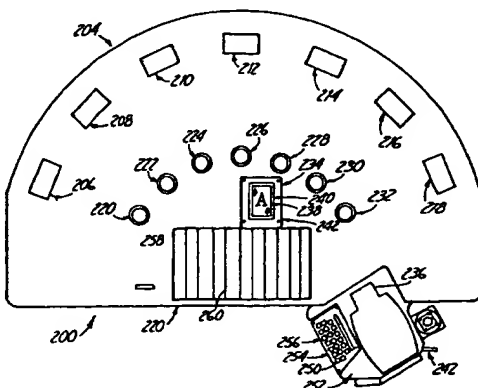
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(54) Title: CARD REVELATION SYSTEM



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(57) Abstract: A method of playing a game and an apparatus for playing that game, including a game of poker comprises: a) dealing a number of playing cards to a player to form an original hand. The player has made a wager on a game such as a poker game being played with that original hand or places a wager at any time before seeing one or more cards of the hand; b) from a separate deck of playing cards, dealing one card that is a display card; c) at any time during play of the game, showing the value of the display card, the display card establishing a fact that cards of equal rank or value to the display card are Wild Cards for the purpose of establishing a rank or value (e.g., total point count) for the player's hand; and d) paying the player for attaining a hand of at least a predetermined rank with or without the presence of Wild Cards or for displaying a hand that wins against a dealer's hand in the play of an underlying game. The game may be played as a live table game, a video game, or other computer format game (e.g., over the Internet). Where the game is a draw poker game, steps such as allowing the player to discard cards from the original hand, and dealing player replacement cards to bring the player's hand up to the number of cards used to play the game of poker may be used.

Docket No. PA0451-ap.WO

CARD REVELATION SYSTEM

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

5 1. Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to games of chance and skill, specifically to card games which are particularly suitable for use in casinos or private clubs and which can be played either as a computer video game, a table game, or mixed table game and computer associated system. In particular, the invention relates to
10 a card game in which a wild card or a common card is provided in the play of the game.

2. Background of the Art

Wagering games played in casino establishments have achieved a very high level of public acceptance. Particularly in the United States, there are now
15 thousands of casinos in many different locations, and in certain jurisdictions, private businesses may have video gaming equipment. The rise in gaming has been in large part because of the entertainment value of gaming, the variety of games available to provide interest to the player beyond the gaming aspects of play itself, and greater acceptance of gaming by the public. It is generally
20 recognized that successful games should: (1) be entertaining for the players, (2) attract the attention of and visual interest of players, (3) stimulate rapid numbers of wagers during predetermined time periods; (4) provide reasonable and understandable odds to the player; (5) provide unvarying overall odds in favor of the casino; (6) be sufficiently simple to allow rapid acceptance of the game with
25 a short learning curve, and (7) be easily monitored by observers and any dealer to avoid errors and cheating. Both casino table games and video games have achieved high levels of success with these parameters kept in mind during their design.

There are a wide variety of card games, particularly poker games available to players in private games, club games, casino table games and video gaming equipment. In casino video gaming equipment, the easiest format to work with comprises variants of five-card draw poker. This game is played in a video gaming format with many variations, for example, by having five cards dealt to a player. The player selects his best cards (e.g., the cards most likely to provide a highly ranked hand when the player discards and draws replacement cards), discards unneeded cards, and then draws replacement cards. The objective in these video games is generally to achieve the best possible hand, according to conventional poker hand rankings, with hands of various ranks being awarded payouts that are multiples (usually with limits from about 1:1 to about 4000:1) of the wager. The game has such a readily appreciated ease of understanding and play that the format has been highly successful. Common variants of this game include games where deuces within the playing deck are wild, jokers added to the playing deck are wild, multiple mixed decks are used for the dealing of hands, extra bonuses are provided for unique hands, and the like. These variations in the rules are still readily understood and add variety to the basic pure game of five card draw.

U.S. Pat. No. 4,743,022 to Michael Wood, 1988, discloses a poker game which can be played on a computer video output screen gaming machine or as a table game. At the start of the game, the player makes a first wager and receives five cards, which constitutes a first hand. As is known to those skilled in the art, five-card poker hands are ranked, for competitive purposes, according to the following order from lowest to highest: (1) High Card in Hand; (2) One Pair; (3) Two Pair; (4) Three of a Kind; (5) Straight; (6) Flush; (7) Full House; (8) Four of a Kind; (9) Straight Flush; (10) Royal Flush; (11) Five of a Kind (which is possible only if a joker is used). Then each player may discard up to five cards and receive five new cards to form a second hand. The player loses the first wager if the second hand (or the first hand when no cards are discarded) does not have a pair. The player receives the wager back if the hand has a pair. The player

receives a payout which exceeds the first wager in accordance with the posted odds if the hand is of higher order than a pair. The player is also entitled to make a second wager and to receive a sixth card. A five-card third hand having the highest possible ranking is then formed by combining the newly dealt card and any four of the five cards in the second hand. If the third hand is ranked lower than a straight and is of lower order than the second hand, the player loses the second wager. However, if the third hand has a ranking of a straight or greater and is of higher order than the second hand, the player wins an amount which depends on the second wager and the posted odds.

Although the Wood's game allows the player an additional possibility of winning by providing the sixth card, the payout odds must be diminished proportionally, thus decreasing the generated level of excitement. Moreover, the thrill of the game is also reduced because the sixth card rarely produces a dramatic improvement in the ranking of the player's hand. Furthermore, the rules of the game are fairly complex, involving three different hands and sometimes enigmatic criteria for receiving the sixth card (the video-game version). Several wild-card versions of Wood's game have been suitable for casinos. In these, a wild card may possess any value specified by the player. For example, when deuces are wild, they can be counted as kings, aces, or have any other value and can fill in straights or flushes. Other variations of the game exist, for instance with jokers or eights wild. However, when wild cards are used, the game lacks the exciting element of surprise since the wild cards are declared to the player at the start of the game. Moreover, the game is rendered less attractive because the player always retains the wild cards and hence a lower pay table must be utilized. Thus, the player normally wins only when his or her hand ranking is three of a kind or higher.

U.S. Patent No. 5,308,065 describes a poker game comprising a player making a wager and then being dealt a hand of five cards in a specific card location, with the cards being viewed by the player (e.g., face-up). The player is

also dealt a single card from the same deck, this card being dealt face-down. The player may attempt to improve the five card hand by utilizing standard five card draw steps. After the player has acted on the five card hand, the sixth card is turned face-up, and all the cards in the player's hand which have the same face value as the turned card are designated as a wild card. The method of playing the game of chance is described as utilizing a maximum set with a finite plurality of scorable units, each having a fixed value, wherein the scorable units can be assembled, according to predetermined rules, into small sets having different rankings, said method comprising the steps of:

5 a player placing a wager; the player receiving an original set of A scorable units randomly chosen from the finite plurality of scorable units, where A is an integer, the original set having a ranking known to the player, thereby reducing the maximum set by the number of scorable units in said original sets. The player receives a solitary scorable unit randomly chosen from the finite plurality of scorable units remaining, the solitary scorable unit having a value concealed from the player, thereby reducing the maximum set by one additional unit. The player has a chance to improve the ranking of the original set by discarding up to A scorable units from the original set and replacing them with an equal number of scorable units randomly chosen from the remaining finite plurality of scorable units, thus forming a modified original set. The value of the solitary scorable unit is revealed to said player. All scorable units of the modified original set which have the same value as the solitary scorable unit are assigned replacement arbitrary values which maximally improve the ranking of the modified original set. The modified original set is evaluated in accordance with predefined criteria to determine whether the player has won or lost the wager. Thus the play of the game provides a wild card from within the set of symbols used in the play of the game.

U.S. Patent No. 5,042,818 describes a multideck poker game that is able to provide unique hands without the use of wild cards. A first hand is dealt from a first deck of cards. The player may select an additional card or cards to be dealt

into his playing hand from an additional deck of cards. The player may discard cards, with replacement cards coming from the original decks from which the discards were dealt. In this manner, a hand of six or more cards may be created that has the possibility of poker hands unavailable from a single deck (e.g., a
5 seven card royal flush).

U.S. Patent No. 5,356,140 describes a video format gaming apparatus where a player makes a wager to participate in the game and the player is dealt two distinct hands at the beginning of the game. Each hand is dealt from its own separate complete deck of cards. The player selects one of the hands to play and
10 the unselected hand is voided or removed from use. The player plays out the selected hand according to the conventional manner of play of the hand.

U. S. Patent No. 5,803,809 describes a method of playing a card game wherein multiple decks of playing cards are used in a unique format which results in hands being possible that were not previously available. In the play of the
15 game, such as five card draw poker, each card position in a player's hand is dealt from a distinct deck. This enables the possibility of unique hands such as five aces of spades, without the need for using wild cards. In addition to the use of standard decks of cards, this method contemplates the use of decks which have been modified slightly, such as by the addition of two jokers to each deck.
20 Similarly, U.S. patent No. 5,775,992 enables the possibility of unique types of hands by shuffling, for example, the same number of decks together as there are cards in a player's hand (e.g., five decks would be shuffled together where the game is five card stud). This allows similar types of hands as U.S. Patent No. 5,803,809.

25 These games provide a useful variety of games to be played in various casino or private formats, but there is always a desire for different games with unique playing features to be available. Additionally, it is desirable for methods and apparatus to be provided that facilitate the playing of the games. Particularly with the advent of video screens (e.g., cathode ray tubes (CRT) screens. Light
30 emitting diode (LED) screens, liquid crystal (LC) screens or other imaging

systems) and computer processing units (CPU), games have been enabled for much greater flexibility and efficiency. Gaming apparatus are provided for many different types of games that were originally played only in a live version, and many unique features have been added to the play of those games, particularly with respect to the graphics and animation that can now be provided. For example, poker games, either stud or draw, with or without wild cards, can be played on video gaming apparatus. Blackjack is played in a single video format, and the graphics that are now provided can include such detail as the hands of the dealer distributing cards, movement of chips during bets, stacking of chips that have been won, and other features that are both entertaining and simulateing of a live table game. Other blackjack video systems replicate a live table, with no live dealer being present, but all cards and other features being effected by a computer and video screens. The video screens are provided in each of the player positions and separately in the dealer position, just as if cards were being physically dealt to those positions.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

A method of playing a game, including a game of poker, the method comprising:

- a) dealing a number of playing cards from at least one actual deck of cards to a player to form an original hand. The player has made or subsequently makes a wager on a game such as a poker game being played with that original hand or places a wager at any time before or after seeing one or more cards of the hand;
- b) from a separate deck of playing cards, dealing one card that is a display card;
- c) showing the value of the display card, the display card establishing a fact that cards of equal rank or value to the display card are Wild Cards for the purpose of establishing a rank or value (e.g., total point count) for the player's hand; and

d) paying the player for attaining a hand of at least a predetermined rank with or without the presence of Wild Cards or for displaying a hand that wins against a dealer's hand in the play of an underlying game;

wherein the separate deck of cards comprises at least one virtual separate deck and the card is displayed on an image screen in a space between a dealer and at least one player.

The game is therefore played as a combination live table game with a video display and software/computer game component. This provides a unique level of comfort to players of the game in that the physical cards and the virtual cards are not related, neither the dealer nor the computer deals both sets of cards, and the game provides a perception of less control by the house (e.g. whether a live dealer or computer).

Where the game is a draw poker game, steps such as allowing the player to discard cards from the original hand, and dealing player replacement cards to bring the player's hand up to the number of cards used to play the game of poker may be used.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a perspective view of a video apparatus designed to be used in the play of the card game of the present invention.

FIG. 2 is a flow chart which illustrates a sequence of logical operations performed by the central processing unit of the video card-game apparatus of FIG. 1 for draw poker with a randomly-determined wild card from a separate deck.

FIG. 3 is an overhead view of a playing area of a card table with a single video display according to the invention.

Figure 4 is an overhead view of a second playing area of a card table with two video screen displays according to the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is a unique method of playing a casino-type card game that combines a) a live action table game and b) a video or computer component to the game.

An example of a game that may be played according to the present invention includes, for a non-limiting example only, a hand of cards is dealt to a player from a first master set of cards. If the underlying game is conventional draw poker or stud poker, the player receives five cards from a single 52 card deck, which are available for viewing by the player. According to an example of a preferred game to be played with the apparatus and method of the present invention, a single card is dealt from a second and separate deck to the player. Either before, during, after or at the conclusion of play of the underlying game, the single card is revealed. The rank, suit, or rank and suit of the revealed card determines which cards in the player's hand are wild. Cards held by the player having a rank, suit, or rank and suit equal to that of the revealed card become wild cards.

The method can be practiced by dealing each player his or her own wild card, or by dealing a common or "community" wild card to multiple players participating in a round of play. Preferably, the wild card does not become part of the player's hand. It preferably serves as an indicator of which cards in the master set of cards are considered wild during that hand.

The method and apparatus of the present invention are practiced on an apparatus that combines a live action (live dealer and at least one and more live players) with a video output display device (e.g., associated with a CPU and program, as later explained). The live gaming table will include a visual display device (e.g., CRT, LED, LC or any other visible display monitor that can provide an image sent in digital or analog form from a memory or data generator). For security purposes and the convenience of the players and dealer, the display device should be present in the space between the dealer and the player(s). This space is usually on the table, in the space near where the dealer's hand or common cards (if any) are displayed and in front of the positions of the players' hands(s). Although the following disclosure describes the method of the present invention in the context of draw poker, the method can be used to enhance the excitement and entertainment value of nearly any casino card game, such as 5 card stud

poker. Blackjack. Pai Gow poker. Let it Ride® Stud Poker, Caribbean Stud® poker, Baccarat, mini Baccarat, and variations of draw poker, including Texas Hold 'Em, Deuces Wild, and Triple Play Poker®.

In a first embodiment, a video output gaming device is programmed to display a preferred draw poker game of the present invention, and is described in detail below. The apparatus may perform in the following manner. The apparatus for playing a video wagering game may comprise, at least for example, a console, CPU, player controls, a wager acceptor and a video monitor attached to the console. The CPU contains memory able to display a game comprising:

- 10 displaying a hand of cards in response to a player placing a wager;
- randomly selecting at least one card distinct from said hand of cards, said at least one card being randomly selected from an independent deck of cards at a time either before, during or after a play of the video wagering game (The at least one card must come from a virtual deck of cards, whether a standard or variant
- 15 deck, that is a distinct virtual deck from the deck or decks used in the provision of the player's cards);
- revealing said at least one card at a time before, during or after a game outcome is displayed;
- displaying a game outcome:
- 20 establishing a rank (e.g., a poker ranked hand) or comparative value (e.g., counting value of cards as in blackjack, baccarat, 21 ½ or 21 ½, or other value counting games) for the player's hand, using any wild cards present in the player's hand (if there are no wild cards present in the player's hand, normal valuation will occur. Where value of hands is being determined, wild card values may be
- 25 restricted. If wild cards were given unlimited values in Blackjack, for example, every hand with a wild card would be a Twenty-One. The limits could include specific values such as 1, 2 or 3; 3, 4 or 5; or only tens and the face value, for example); and
- awarding the player a payout for attaining a hand of at least a
- 30 predetermined rank (e.g., a pair, two pairs, three-of-a-kind, straight, flush, etc.) or

at least a value better than a dealer's hand (e.g., 19 beating a count of dealer's 18; players 20 beating a dealer's 19 ½ in 2 ½ or 21 ½, etc., the award being made whether or not a wild card is present in the player's hand.

Figure 1 shows a video game apparatus 20 comprising a cabinet 30 with a
5 video display screen 32 and an upper control panel 34. The upper control panel 34 is shown with a coin slot 36, but a currency slot or credit card slot may also be used, as well as a key pad for insertion of debit, credit or charge information. Also shown on the upper control panel 34 are control buttons 38, 40 and 42 which are here proposed as a single unit wager button 38, a maximum wager button 40
10 and a collect button 42. The video game apparatus 20 also is provided with a lower control panel 44. This lower control panel 44 is, for example, provided with a deal/draw button 46 and five separate hold/discard buttons 48. A coin outlet or coin tray 52 is also provided. On the video display screen 32 are shown images of the player's hand 54 with the five individual hand cards 58 shown in the
15 player's hand 54. A separate image area 56 is provided for the display of the randomly selected wild card. A special deck-cutting feature with cut locator buttons 60 and 62 is shown on the lower control panel 44. An additional separate image area 57 is provided which provides a visual indication of a deck 64 and a cutting line 66. As locator buttons 60 and 62 are manipulated, cutting line 66
20 moves vertically in a direction indicated by arrow 64, or in an opposite direction simulating the cutting of cards.

Screen 32 contains a player-hand area 54 which displays five cards and a wild-card area 56 which at some point in time during the play of the game displays one card that determines the wild card.

25 The electronic circuit of the apparatus includes a CPU (Central Processing Unit) which may be connected to a clock circuit, a memory, an interface circuit, a video-display circuit, a coin-hopper circuit, and/or a data-storage circuit. The memory may be composed of a Read-And-Write Memory (RAM) and a Read-Only-Memory (ROM). RAM stores the game's variables and may have a battery
30 back up. Thus, when the card-game apparatus is disconnected from its main

power supply, the data stored in RAM is preserved for approximately ten years. ROM may contain information such as image patterns (memory bit maps) for the playing cards as well as the operating instructions for the CPU. An interface circuit could incorporate a sound generator and key activators, including single-bet button 38, maximum-bet button 40, collect button 42, deal/draw button 46, and hold/cancel buttons 48. A light circuit may be designed to illuminate those key activators ready to accept input data, which light circuit would be controlled by a drive circuit. Since the CPU may be a single-task processor, a buffer, which stores activator-key input information, may be placed before an input/output port of the CPU. A drive circuit is provided which is electronically linked to a sound generator, which signals to acknowledge activation of buttons or an occurrence of a win.

A video-display circuit might include the screen 32 (e.g., a cathode ray tube) having a video circuit, electronically connected to a cathode-ray-tube controller. As the cathode ray controller reads out an image pattern (memory bit map) for a playing card from ROM to RAM, it converts this data to a serial data format and may send it to a video circuit. Based on the video signals generated by circuitry, a predetermined image appears on the screen 32. A coin-hopper circuit would incorporate an electro-mechanical coin hopper, which may be controlled by a drive circuit. This circuit governs such functions as credit detection (tracking of cumulative player winnings), lock out (shut down of the game apparatus in case the jackpot is too large to be paid by the machine), and coin release. CPU receives data from the hopper through an input-output port via a buffer. Hopper must be able to store coins and make payoffs accurately and is always monitored by the CPU.

A data-storage circuit may comprise a disk drive, connected to an input-output port of the CPU through a buffer. A disk drive may controlled by a drive circuit and would store such statistics as number of rounds played, winnings amounts, percentage of hold in favor of the casino, and other game information. A management key (not shown) may be used by authorized personnel to display the

aforementioned data or to obtain printouts through hard-copy devices (also not shown). Other hardware and parts of the above described card-game apparatus are similar to those used in existing video poker machines. Standard components include coin hoppers, coin acceptors, IBM-compatible computers, video-display screens, and VGA graphic-display cards.

FIG. 2 shows a flow chart which illustrates the sequence of logical operations performed by a CPU in the play of a five card draw-type poker game enhanced by the incorporation of a randomly selected wild card of the present invention. The implementation of the game feature with other poker-type games, such as **Let-It-Ride** (Registered Trademark of Shuffle Master gaming, Inc.) or Caribbean Stud® poker or the like is contemplated. The description below refers to the major steps of the flow chart, cited parenthetically. To start the game, the player inserts the proper number of coins or tokens into coin inlet 36 or if credits are available, enters the number of credits to be wagered on bet buttons 38 and 40. The player then chooses the amount to wager either by repeatedly pressing the single-bet button 38 or by pressing the maximum-bet button 40 once to bet one or more coins, up to the wager limit. To receive an initial player's hand of, for example, the five cards initially dealt in five-card-draw poker, which cards normally would appear face up in player-hand area 54, the player activates deal/draw button 46. The cards dealt are randomly selected from a first master set of cards, preferably consisting of a single 52 card deck of cards, or from a number of intermixed decks. At some point in the play of the game, either before the player's hand is displayed, simultaneously as the player's hand is displayed, after the player's hand is displayed, before cards are discarded, after cards are discarded and before drawing replacement cards, or after cards are discarded and after replacement cards are drawn, a single card appears (normally face down, but alternatively, at any time, face up in wild-card area 56. The single card is randomly selected from a second and separate deck of cards. The CPU randomly generates the player's cards from a first master set or "pool" comprising a single deck or even multiple decks, either mixed together or each deck dedicated to a

single player card position, a deck usually corresponding to a deck of 52 standard playing cards, which is usually ranked from low to high in the order of 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, Jack, Queen, King, and Ace. Preferably, the hand is dealt from a single 52 card deck of cards. The cards in player-hand area 54 are either

5 displayed in random fashion, automatically arranged in order of increasing rank or the player may rearrange the cards as desired. Appropriate guiding means or symbols may be illuminated to help the player identify ranked hands such as One Pair, Two Pair, Three of a Kind, etc.

Following the rules of draw poker, the player may attempt to improve the ranking of the five-card hand by discarding up to five cards and replacing them with new cards (i.e., a modified hand) randomly generated by CPU from the same master set (the deck, mixed deck, or individual decks for each player's card position) as the originally dealt cards. The player identifies the cards he or she wants to retain by activating buttons 48 which correspond to those cards (Step

10 112). The player may reverse this decision by activating the same buttons 48 for a second time, thus releasing the hold on the previously identified cards. To discard the unwanted cards, the player presses button 46 (Step 114). The discarded cards are automatically replaced with the same number of new cards.

At some point in the play of the game, here shown for exemplary purposes as simultaneously dealt with the last replacement card in draw poker, when the last hold button is pressed in draw poker, when the last card is displayed in stud poker, or at the end of the game in any type of poker, the single card located in area 56 is displayed face up. The face value, rank or face value and rank of the card displayed in area 56 determines the wild card or cards in this round of the

20 game. Preferably all cards in the five-card hand (or more cards) which have the same face value as the card displayed in area 56 are designated wild, i.e., they may possess any specified value. The CPU evaluates the ranking of the five-card hand and, when wild cards are present, assigns to the hand the highest allowable rank made possible by the wild cards (Step 116). The card displayed in area 56 is

25 not actually included in the player's five-card-hand for determining a ranking; that

30

is, it does actually not become a part of the hand. However, since it is generated from a distinct deck of standard playing cards, a number of advantages are present which were not possible when the wild card is drawn from the master set of cards. Although the deck used to draw the wild card may be a standard 52-card
5 deck, it may be a special deck such as a Spanish Twenty-One deck.

There are a number of advantages that may be found in the play of this game.

Advantage #1: The game allows for a single card to be designated as special.

When a single card is selected as the designator for all wild cards in a
10 specific game, a pay table can designate that randomly specified card as special. This is only possible when the designator card is selected from an external deck. If the card were selected from the deck in play, there would be no feasible way to specify that card as wild without removing it from play.

15 For example, if one were to try to construct the pay as designated above in "advantage #2" it would not be possible for the King of Spades to appear in a player's hand. Thus, that specific card could not be used as a qualifier for a hand comprised of Kings and Spades.

Advantage #2: The method allows for the wild card selection without
20 affecting the base game.

Assume there is a five-card stud game, which includes a side game. In this side game, the player may make a separate wager that pays according to the number of cards in his stud hand that match the suit and/or rank of an externally selected wild card. If the wild card is selected from an
25 external deck, the base game will not be affected by the wild card selection for the side game.

This example illustrates that the method of the present invention need not be practiced as an underlying game. Wild cards can be used to resolve a base game, one or more side games, or combinations of the above.

Advantage #3: The method allows for differentiation in hit frequency based upon the selected wild card.

If, in a game, the selected wild card is of a low value, such as a 2 or 3, that game has a higher expected value than if the selected wild card is of a high value.

5

| | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|--|------|------------|
| 5 | Example A: King is Wild | | Ways | p(x) |
| | Royal Flush (no wilds) | | 4 | 0.0000015 |
| | Wild Royal Flush | | 276 | 0.0001062 |
| | TOTAL | | 280 | 0.00010774 |

| | | | | |
|----|------------------------|--|------|------------|
| 10 | Example B: Two is Wild | | Ways | p(x) |
| | Royal Flush (no wilds) | | 4 | 0.0000015 |
| | Wild Royal Flush | | 500 | 0.0001924 |
| | TOTAL | | 504 | 0.00019392 |

The player's winnings are determined on the basis of the final five-card-hand ranking and jackpot amounts may be calculated according to any pay table or pay schedule, for example a pay schedule such as the following:

| | | |
|----|----------------------------------|---------------|
| 15 | <hr/> | |
| | Hand Rank | Bonus Payment |
| 20 | Royal Flush (without wild cards) | 500 X BET |
| | Five of a Kind | 250 X BET |
| | Royal Flush (with wild cards) | 200 X BET |
| | Straight Flush | 25 X BET |
| | Four of a Kind | 5 X BET |
| | Full House | 4 X BET |
| | Flush | 4 X BET |
| | Straight | 3 X BET |
| | Three of a Kind | 2 X BET |
| | Two Pair | 2 X BET |
| 25 | One Pair (Jacks or Better) | 1 X BET |
| | <hr/> | |

30 Since the payouts will vary depending upon the rank and/or suit of the wild card selected, it would be advantageous to provide an electronic display of the pay table which reveals payouts for the particular wild card selected. For

example, the payout for a Royal Flush formed with a King that is wild pays more than a Royal Flush formed with a 2 that is the wild card, based on the probability of occurrence of the hands. Advantageously, a changeable display could display the pay table which corresponds to the selected wild card and could conceal
5 payouts for wild cards which are not in play. This feature is likely to simplify the process of paying bonuses and is also likely to eliminate player or dealer confusion as to the payouts.

To collect the winnings, the player presses collect button 42 (Step 118). The coins are dispensed through coin outlet 52.

10 The card game is attractive to players because the wild cards make it possible to win large jackpots on small wagers and hands with high ranks may be more frequently attained. Moreover, since the wild cards are preferably declared only after the player has a chance to alter his or her hand, an exciting element of surprise is introduced into the game. Also, the pay schedule may be fixed
15 throughout the game and no additional wagers are required during the round.

Referring to Figure 3, a gaming table 130 is provided. The gaming table is equipped with a video display 132 which displays a video representation of a common wild card 128 drawn from a separate deck of cards. A second video display 134 is located forward of the chip rack 136 and is used to display the
20 electronically generated pay table corresponding to the selected wild card. A game computer (not shown) is provided with memory and a central processing unit. The CPU is programmed to randomly select a card from a separate deck. The computer sends a signal to the video output display, which in turn displays the wild card in display area 132.

25 A plain view of a playing area according to a second table-game version of the present invention is shown in FIG. 4. In the table version of the card game, a master deck of 52 standard playing cards which are ranked from low to high in the order of 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, Jack, Queen, King, and Ace is utilized along with a playing table (not shown). The playing table surface contains a plurality of
30 player stations, such as station 140. Each player station includes a player-hand

area 142 and a single-card area 144. After making a wager, each player is dealt a hand of five cards from a first master deck which is placed in area 142. The player also receives a solitary card from a separate deck which is dealt face down in area 144.

5

The player may attempt to improve the ranking of the five-card hand by discarding up to five cards and replacing them with new cards randomly dealt from the master deck. At some time during the play of the game, herein for exemplary purposes only after the player rearranges the five-card hand, the solitary card located in area 144 is turned face up and its face value determines the wild cards in this round of the game. That solitary card is provided preferably from a shuffled deck that is distinct from the deck in which the cards used for the construction of a player's hand are chosen. The distinct deck may be a physical deck (of one or more standard decks), an artificial deck (e.g., thirteen cards, one each of, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, Jack, Queen, King, and Ace), a special deck such as a Spanish 21 or Canasta deck or a virtual deck with a video display screen in the area of the gaming table (e.g., near the table, on the edge of the table, or mounted on or in the gaming table). All cards in the five-card hand which have the same face value as the card displayed in area 124 are designated wild, i.e., they may possess any specified value which most improves the ranking of the five-card hand. If the five-card hand contains any wild cards, its ranking is reevaluated by the dealer. The ranking of the five-card hand is then compared to the rankings of other players' hands in order to determine which player or players has won the wager.

25

Although the game has been described in the form of several specific embodiments, its arrangements and configurations are given only as examples, and many other variations of the game are possible. For example, in one version of the game only number cards, and not face cards such as Jacks, Queens, or Kings, may be wild. Moreover, the game may be structured in such a manner that only four wild cards are possible in the five-card hand. This may be achieved by

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generating the indicator wild card from a different pool of elements than the actual playing cards. The game may be played as a table version as well as a computer version. The card-game apparatus may utilize a touch-sensitive screen, a mouse, or a light pen in order to manipulate the card images. Other data-storage
5 media, such as magnetic tape and paper tape, may be employed with the card-game apparatus. Furthermore, paper-ticket printers may be utilized instead of coin
hoppers. Different types of guiding symbols may be used in the video version of the game in order to help the player evaluate his or her hand. Therefore, the scope
of the invention should be determined, not by the examples given, but by the
10 appended claims and their legal equivalents.

Some repeated mention has been made with regard to the flexibility allowed in the timing of the provision and/or display of the wild card. This action can of course significantly vary motivation to play a hand or alter a hand. For
15 example, providing and displaying the wild card before the player discards can significantly change a player's strategy. For example, a player with a hand of
ACE of Hearts, KING of Hearts, JACK of Hearts, TEN of Hearts and Three of diamonds would in all normal cases discard the Three of Diamonds. If the Wild
Card were exposed prior to discarding and was a Three, the player would not
20 discard a Three. Similarly, if a player's hand were ACE, KING, QUEEN of a single suit and a pair of deuces, most player's will discard the deuces to attempt to
get either a Royal Flush, a Flush, a Straight or a pair higher than a pair of Jacks. If the Wild Card exposed before discarding were a two, playing strategy would be
altered. More importantly, with a game such as **Let It Ride®** Stud Poker
25 (registered trademark of Shuffle Master Gaming, Inc.), cards involved in the construction of the hand are displayed at different times in the play of the game.
The significance of the time when the Wild Card is displayed therefore becomes much more influential on the play of the game and the strategy.

In the play of **Let It Ride®** Stud Poker (registered trademark of Shuffle
30 Master Gaming, Inc.), the player is dealt three cards face down (which the player

may view at any time) and the two common cards are dealt face down (which are initially withheld from view). A bet of equal value appears adjacent to each of the player's three cards. After viewing all three of the player's cards, the player may elect to withdraw the first of the three wagered tokens or allow all three wagers to
5 continue in play, depending on the player's view of the likelihood of the three cards contributing to a winning hand (e.g., at least a pair of nine's). If the single displayed card that establishes the Wild Card were displayed before the election to retain or withdraw the first bet, the player would be in a much better position to establish the value of the hand. If the hand is a natural (e.g., with at least a pair of
10 nine's), with or without a wild card, the player will always leave all bets on the table. If the player determines that at least one card is a wild card (one card in the player's hand matching the display card), the player is likely to remain in for all bets, even if no other card in the player's hand is at least a nine, as it is likely that at least one of the common cards will equal a nine or more or match one of the
15 player's cards.

In **Let It Ride®** (registered trademark of Shuffle Master Gaming, Inc.) Poker, it would also be advantageous to have the display card that determines the Wild Card turned face-up after the first election to retain or withdraw the first bet amount is made, but the influence is not quite as great. After the election to retain
20 or withdraw has been made, and after at least one common card has been revealed, the display card may then be revealed. This still improves the relative ability of a player to determine that there is a likelihood or assurance of a winning hand, but the impact is slightly lessened. That order of event is therefore also a likely scenario. The format that is most advantageous to the house is to reveal the
25 display card only after both of the dealer's hole cards are revealed.

The wild card may be used in a wide variety of games as indicated herein. The wild card may also be used in games where payouts are determined by hand evaluations other than just ranks of hands, as in draw or stud poker games. For example, payouts may be determined on the basis of the value or

numerical totals of hands, such as Blackjack, 7½ and 21½, Over/Under, and the like.

5 The method of the present invention is suitable for a wide variety of card games, including games in which players play against the dealer, (Caribbean Stud® poker, Pai Gow poker, Three Card poker™, and Blackjack), games in which the players compete against each other (i.e., poker), and for resolving side bet games (e.g., Pairs Plus bets in three card poker, the bonus bet in Let It Ride®, and a bonus bet in Caribbean Stud® poker). For a side bet game, the wild card can be used to score a base game, the side bet or both. When the method is used
10 to score a side bet, the game can pay a proportional or progressive payout for combinations of the above.

WHAT IS CLAIMED:

1. A method of playing a card game comprising:
 - a) dealing a number of playing cards to a player to form an original
5 hand, the player having made a wager on a card game being played
with that original hand;
 - b) from a separate deck of playing cards, dealing one card that is a
display card;
 - c) at any time during play of the game, showing the value of the display
10 card, the display card establishing a fact that cards of predetermined relationship
to the display card are Wild Cards for the purpose of establishing a rank
or value for the player's hand; and
 - d) paying the player for:
 - I) attaining a hand of at least a predetermined rank; or
 - 15 II) having a hand with a value higher than the value of a
dealer's hand;said rank or value being determined with or without the presence of Wild Cards.
2. A method of playing **Let It Ride®** poker comprising displaying a
single card to all players, the single card being selected from a set of cards that are
20 not used in play of the **Let It Ride®** poker, ranked values of players' hands being
read in view of the presence or absence of Wild Cards in individual hands based
upon matching the display card.
3. The method of claim 2 wherein step c) is performed after a player
has made an election on retaining or withdrawing a first bet means.
- 25 4. The method of claim 2 wherein step c) is performed after a player has
made an election on retaining or withdrawing a second bet means.
5. The method of claim 1 and further comprising the steps of discarding
cards from the original hand and dealing replacement cards wherein step c) is
performed before a player has elected to discard cards.

6. The method of claim 5 wherein step c) is performed after a player has elected to exchange specific cards.

7. The method of claim 5 wherein step c) is performed after a player has received replacement cards in exchange for discarded cards.

5

8. The method of claim 1 wherein a standard deck of playing cards is used at a live casino table, to deal the cards.

9. The method of claim 1 wherein a virtual deck of cards is used with a video format apparatus to deal the cards.

10

10. A method of playing a game of poker comprising:

a) dealing a number of playing cards to a player to form an original hand, the player having made a wager on a poker game being played with that original hand;

b) allowing the player to discard cards from the original hand;

15

c) dealing a player replacement cards to bring the player's hand up to the number of cards used to play the game of poker;

d) from a separate deck of playing cards, dealing one card that is a display card;

20

e) at any time during play of the game, showing the value of the display card, the display card establishing a fact that cards of predetermined relationship to the display card are Wild Cards for the purpose of establishing a rank for the player's hand; and

f) paying the player for attaining a hand of at least a predetermined rank with or without the presence of Wild Cards.

25

11. The method of claim 1 wherein each original hand is dealt from a master set of cards and said master set is a standard 52 card deck of cards.

12. The method of claim 1 wherein each original hand is dealt from a master set of cards and said master set comprises a plurality standard 52 card decks of cards, and the cards are randomly mixed within said master set.

30

13. A method of playing a game of poker comprising:

- a) dealing a number of playing cards to a player from a first master set of cards to form at least one player's original hand, the player having made a wager on a poker game being played with that original hand;
- b) allowing the player to discard cards from the original hand;
- 5 c) dealing a player replacement cards to bring the player's hand up to the number of cards used to play the game of poker;
- d) from a separate deck of playing cards, dealing at least one card that is a display card;
- e) at any time during play of the game, showing the value of the at least one display card, the display card establishing a fact that cards of equal rank to the display card are Wild Cards for the purpose of establishing a rank for the player's hand; and
- 10 f) paying the player for attaining a hand of at least a predetermined rank with or without the presence of Wild Cards.
- 15 14. The method of claim 13 wherein each card in the hand defines a card position, and wherein the master set of cards comprises one or more special decks of cards, either segregated by card position or intermixed.
15. The method of claim 13 wherein said second master set comprises a standard 52 card deck.
- 20 16. The method of claim 13 wherein said poker game comprises draw poker.
17. The method of claim 11 wherein said game comprises a casino card game that is selected from the group consisting of draw poker, stud poker, Caribbean Stud® poker, Texas Hold-Em poker, Blackjack, Pai Gow poker, 3 Card Poker™, Baccarat, Mini Baccarat and Triple Play poker.
- 25 18. The method of claim 13 wherein the game of poker comprises Let It Ride® stud poker.
19. An apparatus for playing a video wagering game comprising a console, CPU, player controls, a wager acceptor and a video monitor attached to

the console, wherein said CPU contains memory able to display a game comprising:

displaying a hand of cards in response to a player placing a wager;

randomly selecting at least one card distinct from said hand of cards,

5 said at least one card being randomly selected from an independent deck of cards at a time either before, during or after a play of the video wagering game;

revealing said at least one card at a time before, during or after a game outcome is displayed;

displaying a game outcome;

10 establishing a rank or comparative value for the player's hand, using any wild cards present in the player's hand; and

awarding the player a payout for attaining a hand of at least a predetermined rank or at least a value better than a dealer's hand, whether or not a wild card is present in the player's hand.

15 20. The apparatus of claim 19 wherein said CPU identifies as a wild card in said player's hand only cards that have the identical rank of said at least one card distinct from said hand of cards.

21. The apparatus of claim 20 wherein said CPU contains the memory to play and display a game of poker.

20 22. The apparatus of claim 21 wherein said game of poker is selected from the group consisting of draw poker, stud poker, Caribbean Stud® poker, Texas Hold-Em poker, Blackjack, Pai Gow poker, 3 Card Poker™, Baccarat, Mini Baccarat, Triple Play poker and **Let It Ride®** stud poker.

25 23. The method of claim 1 wherein the player is paid for the highest hand ranking when a wild card is present in the hand.

24. The method of claim 10 wherein the player is paid for the highest hand ranking when a wild card is present in the hand.

25. The method of claim 13 wherein the player is paid for the highest hand ranking when a wild card is present in the hand.

26. The apparatus of claim 19 wherein the player is paid for the highest hand ranking when a wild card is present in the player's hand.

27. The method of claim 1 wherein the display card is a visual representation of a card displayed on a video monitor, wherein the separate deck
5 is a computer generated deck of cards.

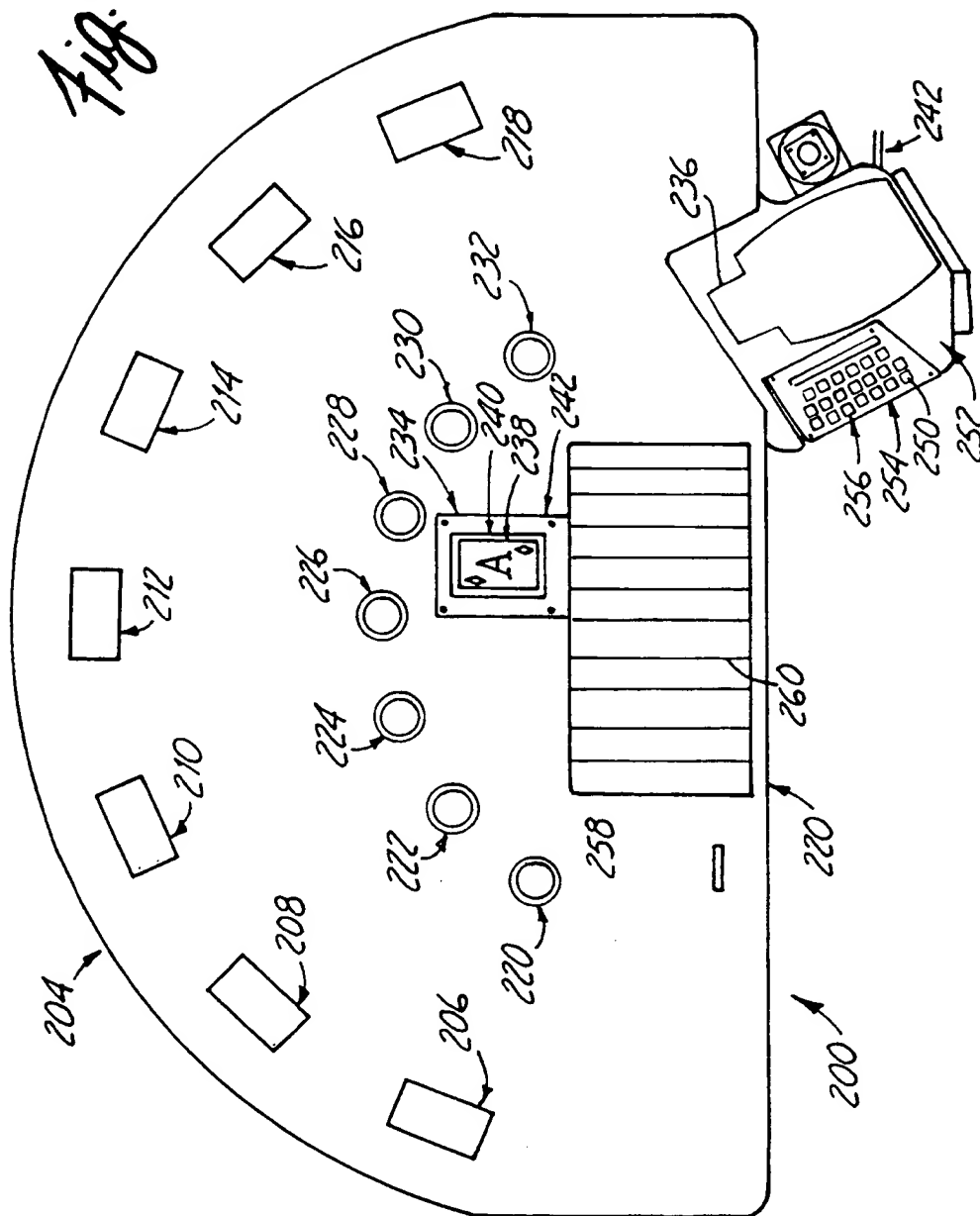
28. The method of claim 1 wherein the predetermined relationship is a) rank, b) suit or c) rank and suit.

29. The method of claim 1 wherein the step of showing the value of the display card is performed after the player has received all cards for a final hand.

10 30. The method of claim 10 wherein the step of showing the value of the display card is performed after the player has received all cards for a final hand.

15 31. The method of claim 13 wherein the step of showing the value of the display card is performed after the player has received all cards for a final hand.

Fig. 1



2/3

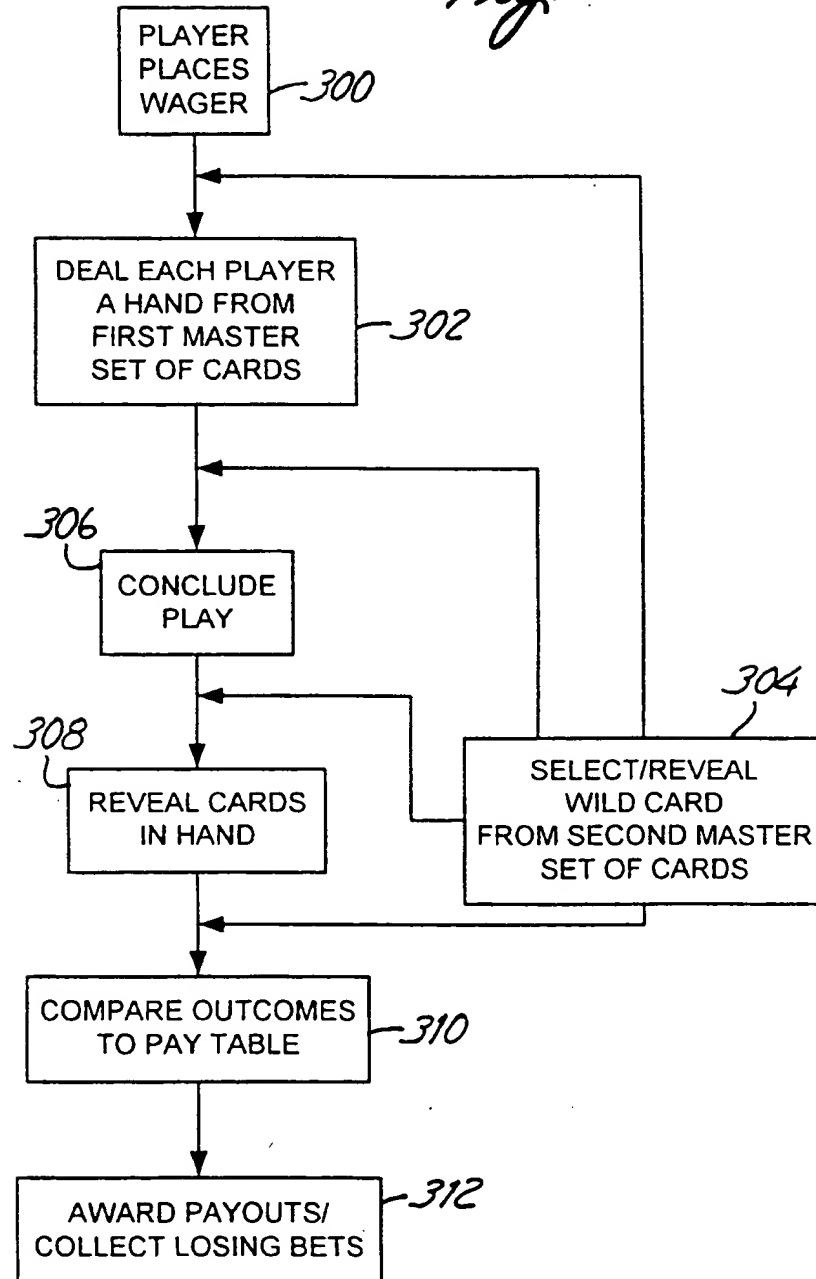
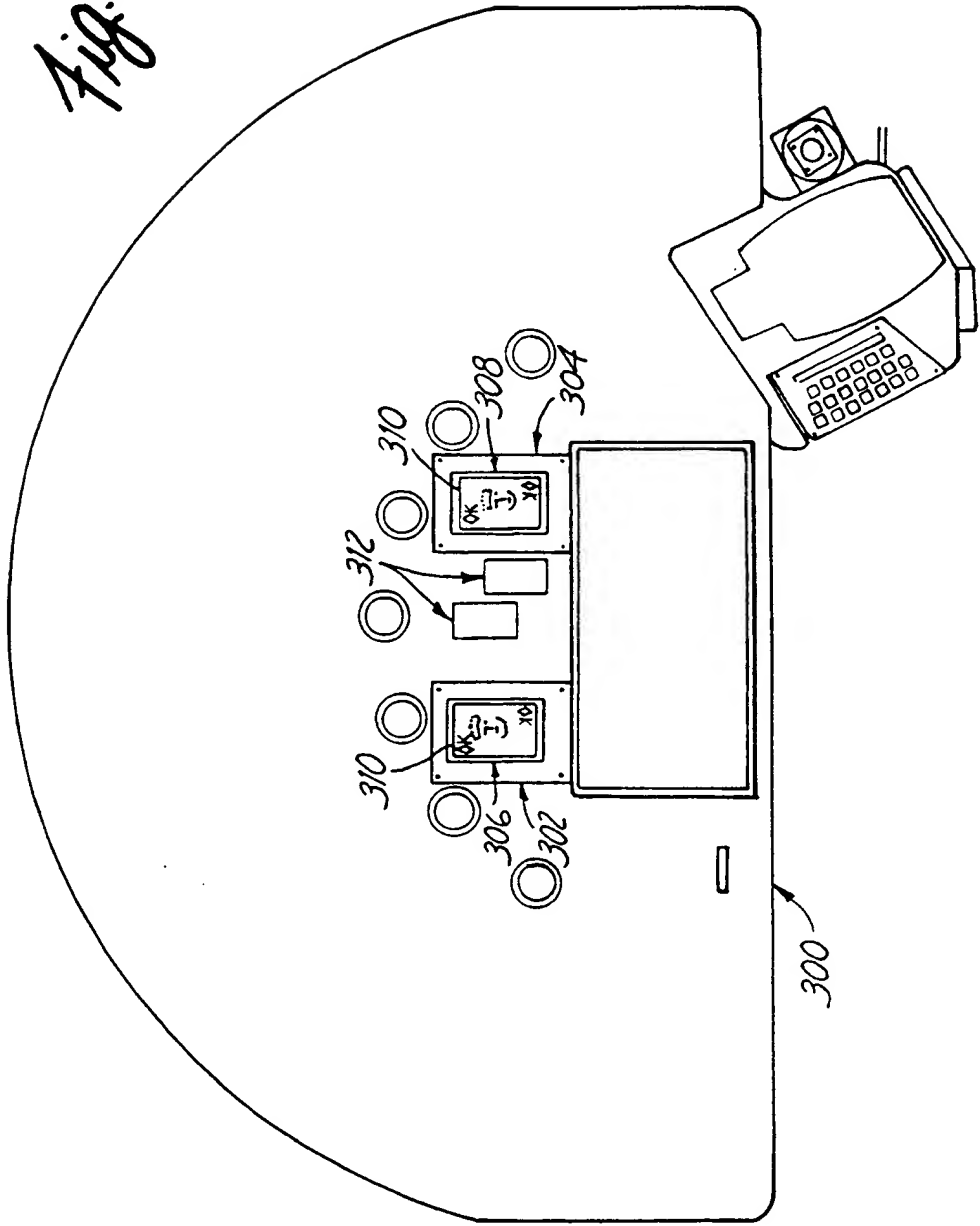
Fig. 2

Fig. 3



INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US00/15459

| A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC(7) :A63F 1/00 US CL :273/274, 292; 463/13 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|-----|---|--|-----|--|--|-----|--|---|-----|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| B. FIELDS SEARCHED Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) U.S. : 273/274, 292; 463/13 Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Category* | Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages | Relevant to claim No. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Y | US 5,019,973 A (<i>WILCOX et al.</i>) 28 MAY 1991, See entire document. | 1-31 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Y | US 5,308,065 A (<i>BRIDGEMAN et al.</i>) 03 MAY 1994, See entire document. | 1-31 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. <input type="checkbox"/> See patent family annex. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <table border="0"> <tr> <td>* Special categories of cited documents:</td> <td>"T"</td> <td>later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention</td> </tr> <tr> <td>"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance</td> <td>"X"</td> <td>document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone</td> </tr> <tr> <td>"E" earlier document published on or after the international filing date</td> <td>"Y"</td> <td>document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art</td> </tr> <tr> <td>"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)</td> <td>"&"</td> <td>document member of the same patent family</td> </tr> <tr> <td>"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </table> | | | * Special categories of cited documents: | "T" | later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention | "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance | "X" | document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone | "E" earlier document published on or after the international filing date | "Y" | document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art | "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) | "&" | document member of the same patent family | "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means | | | "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed | | |
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| "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Date of the actual completion of the international search 03 JULY 2000 | | Date of mailing of the international search report 11 JUL 2000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Name and mailing address of the ISA/US Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Box PCT Washington, D.C. 20231 Facsimile No. (703) 305-3230 | | Authorized officer VISHU K. MENDIRATTA Telephone No. (703)308-0858 <i>Sheila Venev</i> Paralegal Specialist Technology Center 3700 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |